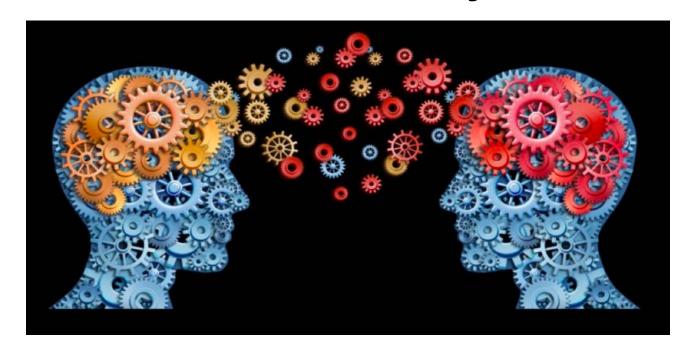


# Playing our Part: Shared Decision Making in the Era of Recovery



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# New York Association of Psychiatric Rehabilitation Services

A statewide coalition of people who use and/or provide community mental health recovery services and supports dedicated to improving services and social conditions for people with psychiatric disabilities by promoting their...



Recovery, Rehabilitation and Rights



# Learning Objectives

- 1. Participants will gain an understanding of the changes in service structure regarding the shared decision making process.
- 2. Participants will identify and discuss our role in the decision making process of a person's journey through recovery.
- 3. Participants will learn the critical role of listening and how it impacts the services we provide.
- 4. Participants will deepen their understanding of the concepts of learned helplessness and dignity of risk.
- 5. Participants will evaluate the language we use and the role it plays in a person's recovery.



## Fixing a Broken System

Fragmented,
Siloed and
Uncoordinated

Reactive vs Preventive and Diversionary

Wrong
Incentives:
volume over
value

Illness over Wellness?



Value Based Payments





### THE GOALS



Strong Partnership with participants



Participation in services

## Positive Outcomes!



Participation in Treatment is the Goal



### Recovery



"Recovery is a deeply personal, unique process of changing one's attitudes, values, feelings, goals, skills and or roles. It's <u>a way of living a satisfying, hopeful and contributing life even with limitations caused by illness</u>. Recovery involves the development of new <u>meaning and purpose in one's life</u> as one grows beyond the effects of mental illness."



(Anthony, Cohen, Farkas, Gagne, Psychiatric Rehabilitation, 2002)



# Symptoms?

Recovery is not the absence of symptoms

# It is the full life



Pleasure, love, life, happiness, purpose



# How do you <u>feel</u> when you have no choice in a decision that is important to you?













### The Telephone Game







### **Facts on Listening**

- People spend between 70 and 80% of their day engaged in some form of communication, and about 55% of their time is devoted to listening.
- On average, the typical person speaks anywhere from 125 to 175 words per minute.
- Your ears work faster than your mouth. The average number of words you're able to listen to per minute is around 450.



Even though your ears are capable of picking up on so many words, your brain doesn't necessarily process all of them. Most people usually only remember about 17 to 25% of the things they listen to.



### **Facts on Listening**

- You might be surprised to learn that your words only convey about 7% of what you're trying to say. The other 93% is communicated through facial expressions and the tone of your voice
- There are actually four distinct listening styles that you can employ, and about 40% of people are using two or more at any given time.
  - Appreciative listening
    - Critical listening
  - Relationship listening
  - Discriminative listening





## **Listening Skills**

<u>Do</u>





Don't





#### What is Shared Decision-Making?

Shared decision-making is an emerging best practice in behavioral and physical health that aims to help people in treatment and recovery have informed, meaningful, and collaborative discussions with providers about their health care services.

It involves tools and resources that offer objective information. People in treatment and recovery can then weigh that information against their personal preferences and values. Shared decision-making tools empower people who are seeking treatment or in recovery to work together with their service providers and be active in their own treatment.





### The Share Approach

# Essential Steps in Shared Decision Making

- Step 1 Seek the Person's Participation
- Step 2 Help the Person Explore and Compare Treatment Options
- **Step 3 Assess** the Person's Values and Preferences
- **Step 4 Reach** a Decision Point with the Person
- **Step 5 Evaluate** the Person's Decision







# What is Engagement?

Engagement refers to the process through which participants become <u>active</u> and <u>involved</u> in their treatment

Engagement is essential in the provider-participant relationship from the moment a person walks through the door of a service provider until they walk out the door.





### **Explore and Compare Treatment Options**

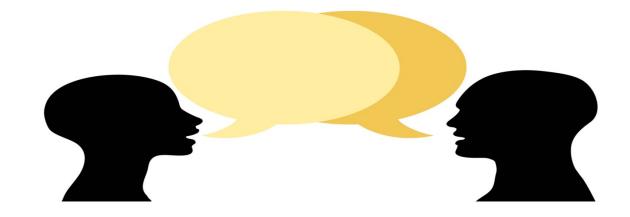
- Assess what the person already knows about his or her options.
- Write down a list of the options in plain language.
- Communicate the risks/benefits of each option. Explain limitations of what is known and unknown about the treatment options and what would happen with no treatment.
- Communicate with the person's preferred learning style. (graphs, charts, pictographs)
- Offer evidence-based decision aid tools
- Summarize by listing the options again.
- Check for understanding. Ask the person to explain what the options are.





# Determine what's important to the person in recovery?

- Start conversations with the person and find out what matter's most to him or her.
- Ask open-ended questions.
- Listen actively to the person. Show empathy and interest in the effect that a problem is having on to this person's life.
- Acknowledge the values and preferences that matter to the person.
- Agree on what is important to the person.







### Reaching a Decision Together

- Help the person move to a decision by asking if he or she is ready to make a decision.
- Ask if the person would like additional information tools such as educational materials or decision aids to help make a decision.
- Check to see if the person needs more time to consider the options or discuss them with others.
- Confirm the decision with the person
- Schedule follow-up appointments to carry out the preferred treatment and support.





### **Evaluating the Decision**

- Monitor the extent to which the treatment decision is implemented.
- Assist the person with managing barriers to implementing his or her decision.
- Revisit the decision with the person and determine if other decisions need to be made







### What does shared decision making look like?

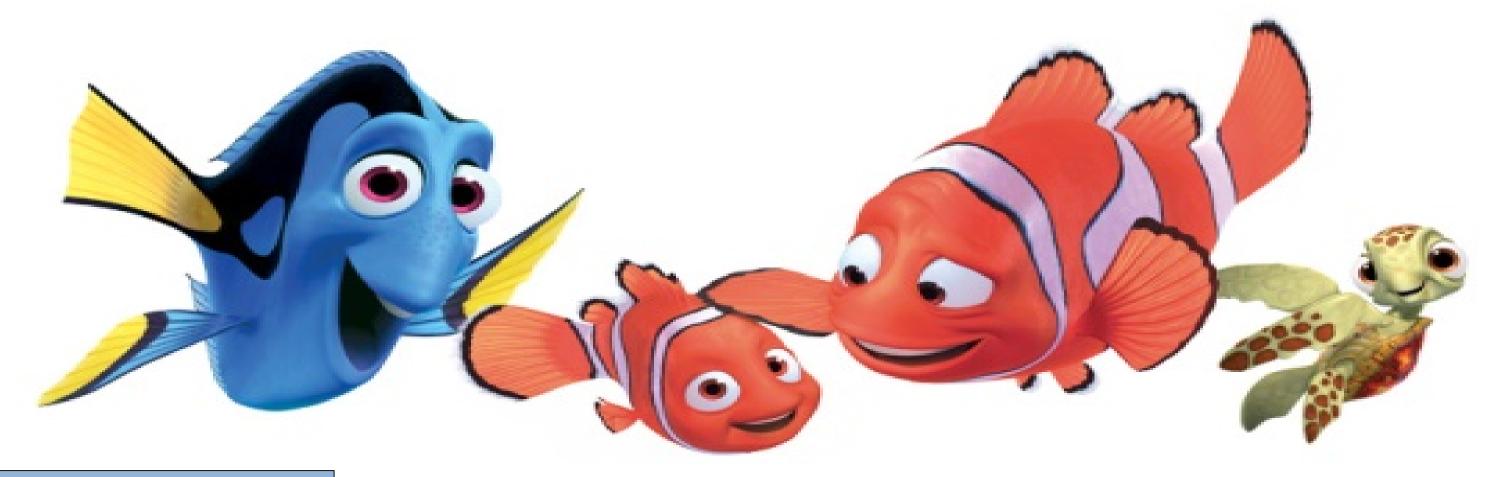
- Employment
- Relationship Issues
- Career & Employment
- Medications
- Life Role Goals
- Treatment Options







# Dignity of Risk



#### **Finding Nemo**

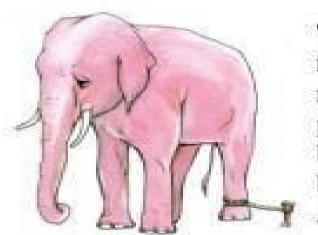
Dad – Marlin Friend – Dori

Son - Nemo



### **Learned Helplessness**

**Learned helplessness** is defined as the general belief that one is incapable of accomplishing tasks and has little or no control of the environment. For **example**, a person who performs poorly on math tests and assignments will quickly begin to feel that nothing he or she does will have any effect on math performance.



The elephant is held back not by the puny rope but by its belief system. Are you too?





# How do we Inadvertently Practice Learned Helplessness with the Individuals we Support?













### **Techniques For Unlearning Old Behavior**

#### **Self Monitoring**

Involves learning to pay careful and systematic attention to your problem behaviors and habits, and to the stimuli that trigger them into action.

- Qualitative Monitoring Involves paying attention to the quality of things that
  are happening (How they make you feel, What they look like, etc.)
- Quantitative Monitoring Counting the occurrences of each behavior using a measurement system











### When working with people does our language matter?

Is there supportive language?

**Examples?** 

Is there deconstructive language?

**Examples?** 





#### **Empowering Interactions**

#### promote self-determination

Power Robbing Language	Empowering Language
You should	Can, could
You need	What have you considered?
You must	What are your options
You can't	What can you do?
No one can do that	Up till now
Problem	Challenge, situation, concern
But	And
It only works when	What other ways might work for you?
The best way is	Some choices are
Your only option is	Options to possibly consider are
My advice to you is	What has worked for you in the past?
You can't do that	Some thins that worked for me are





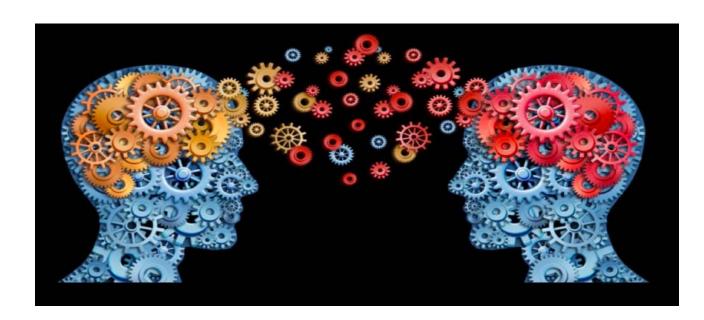
### Resources

- Mental Health: A report of the Surgeon General, 1999
- Recovery Innovations <u>www.recoveryinnovations.org</u>
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration –
   www.samhsa.gov/brss-tacs/recovery-support-tools/shared-decision-making
- AHRQ-Agency for Healthcare Research & Quality The SHARE Approach— Essential Steps of Shared Decision making: Quick Reference Guide www.ahrq.gov/professionals/education/curriculum
- Re-Thinking Education https://rethinking-ed.org/2016/11/15/a-glossary-of-learning-terms/
- MentalHealth.net-American Addiction Centers Resource-<u>www.mentalhelp.net/articles/techniques-for-unlearning-old-behaviors-self-monitoring/</u>
- https://www.ragan.com/4-listening-styles-communicators-should-know/





# Coming Soon to Your Organization! This Training!



Playing our Part: Shared Decision Making in the Era of Recovery





#### **NYAPRS Thanks YOU!!!**

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